

Druggist Held As Rum Frauds Are Uncovered

Licensed Liquor Dispensers on Third Avenue Accused of Failing to Account for Whisky Withdrawal

Sales Total \$200,000

Wet Stocks of Thirty, Who Fail to Appear in Court to Protest, Confiscated

The arraignment of an officer of a firm of licensed liquor dispensers for failing to account for withdrawals of liquors and the forfeiture of liquor seized from thirty individuals were the chief features of Federal and state prohibition activities yesterday.

Oswald A. Greaser, one of E. C. Yellowley's force of prohibition agents, took Meyer Frankenberg, treasurer and manager of A. Weiss & Co., of 299 Third Avenue, druggists and holders of a "B" permit, before United States Commissioner Hitchcock, on a charge of conspiracy to violate the Volstead act in relation to the unaccounted withdrawals. Frankenberg was arrested on a warrant, and the Commissioner held him in \$2,000 bail for a hearing next week.

Warrants For Two Others

Warrants had also been issued for the president, Herman S. Licht, and the secretary, Abraham Weiss, of the Weiss Company. At the offices of the concern it was said that Licht was in Canada and that Weiss's whereabouts were unknown. M. M. Becker, attorney for Licht and Weiss before the Commissioner next Monday, but said he did not know where they were now.

The warrants for the officers of Weiss & Co. were sworn out as part of the general campaign that is just beginning against licensed liquor dealers who fail to make the returns to the government required by law. About 4,000 cases and 255 barrels of whisky, valued at \$200,000, had been disposed of by A. Weiss & Co. and the government had not received an accounting, Agent Greaser said yesterday. The liquor was disposed of, it is alleged, in the last four months.

Thirty persons who failed to appear when their cases were called in Special Term Part 2 of the Supreme Court lost their stores of wine, whisky and beer under an order of forfeiture issued by Justice Wasservogel yesterday. This announcement was made by Assistant District Attorney Peter F. Sabatino, who appeared before the court.

There were sixty cases set for yesterday. They were those of persons served with orders to show cause why the state should not confiscate their stores of liquors. Half of them were present and ready to present arguments. In the case of those present, the court directed adjournments, but the wet goods of the missing is now the property of the state.

French Parliament Will Reconvene on October 18

PARIS, Sept. 15.—Premier Briand announced yesterday that the French Parliament would resume work on October 18, it is said by newspapers here.

M. Briand will make an important political address at St. Nazaire on October 18, and on the same day former Premier Clemenceau will make what is expected to be a significant speech at St. Herme, Vendee, where a monument erected in honor of M. Clemenceau will be unveiled.

New Shop Plan Ignoring Unions In Effect at Packing Plants

Arbitration Board Employers and Elected Representatives of Workers, Who Must Be Employees, Will Settle Disputes

Special Dispatch to The Tribune

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—With the expiration to-day of the packing house agreement entered into before Federal Judge Alschuler, four big packing concerns put into full operation the plan which has become known as the "American shop representation plan."

Officials of the various companies—Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Wilson & Co. and the Cudahy Packing Company—declared that the plan was not an announcement of the open shop policy. They asserted that the companies had always been open shop and that no actual change in their attitude toward the unions had taken place with the expiration of the Alschuler agreement, entered into during the war to insure the delivery of meat and supplies to American forces.

No immediate adjustment of wages from the Alschuler schedule is to take place, packing officials informed their employees, who are now represented on the intra-company arbitration board, composed of employees and officials, before which disputes are carried. Morris & Co. have not announced a shop representation plan.

Packers Notify Union

The packers yesterday notified officials of the International Brotherhood of Union of their determination to adhere to the new plan when they were pressed for an answer to demands for a conference for a new wage scale. They said that all men and women workers are eligible to employment whether they are members of unions or not.

As outlined by James G. Condon, counsel for the packers, in presenting their cases before Judge Alschuler, no

person may represent the workers in any of the plants unless he is an employee of that plant. The employees will elect their representatives by ballot, but a candidate for representative must be an American citizen or at least one who has signed his intention of becoming one by taking out his first papers.

These representatives, elected with others selected by the companies, form shop councils. Both parties have the right to appeal to a higher council, ending with the decision of a national council drawn from the various branches of the concern throughout the country.

The first conference of one of these national councils was recently held by Armour & Co. employees, and Swift & Co. are said to have tried out the plan successfully in one of their Eastern plants.

Change Effective in Kansas City

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 15.—Packing houses here were operating to-day under the new shop representation plan, which became effective to-day. No incident marked the change from the Federal arbitration system to the new system, under which employee representatives who, if union officials must be employed in the packing houses, are scheduled to discuss wages and working conditions with the packers. It was said that no changes in wage scales were contemplated at this time, and that no difficulty was anticipated because of the new method of arbitration proposed.

Union officials offered no comment, announcing merely that a meeting had been called for to-morrow, when the unions would determine their policy.

Mrs. Brandon Says Governor Ignored Proof

Asserts He Sent Word Day Before Husband's Death He Had No Power to Hold Hearing for Witnesses

Tells of Two Conferences

Charges Edwards Listened to Affidavit, Then Sent Her and Lawyer to Judge

Mrs. George Brandon, widow of the man who was executed on August 23 for the murder at Rahway, N. J., three years before, of Arthur L. Kupfer and Edith Janney, made a statement yesterday describing her efforts to gain a reprieve from Governor Edwards of New Jersey.

Mrs. Brandon said that she saw the Governor a few days before the execution, which is a step toward verifying the assertion of the Governor's secretary that in all three hearings were granted by the Governor in the Brandon case. This was the second visit of Mrs. Brandon to the Governor, the first having been made in company with the attorneys who were seeking a stay of execution. Brandon's attorney said he had seen the Governor but once.

Governor's Statement Hurts
"I have read the article in which Governor Edwards told The Tribune that my husband, George Brandon, met his just fate. This statement has hurt me beyond words."

"I firmly believe that if the Governor had only given us an opportunity to

present to him the new evidence which we had gathered my husband would be alive and free to-day. The Governor insists that he told my attorney to bring his witnesses to him, but that he failed to do so."

"As a matter of fact, Mr. Goldenhorn did bring affidavits to the Governor, and when he began to read the affidavit of Louis Maier, one of our most important witnesses, the Governor said: 'Mr. Goldenhorn, I can't do anything for you; go to Judge Bergen, and Mr. Goldenhorn did. But Judge Bergen was powerless to act because of the New Jersey law, which provides that evidence must be got within six months after conviction, and my husband had been convicted ten months back."

"I went to see the Governor a few days before my husband's death and talked with him for an hour. Then the Governor read part of Perchand's testimony, after I had begged him to do so."

Makes Plea Day Before Execution
"The day before my husband's death I again went to the Governor, but was not permitted to see him. Mr. Foley, his secretary, consented to ask him for me whether if I brought my witnesses he would hear them, and whether he would give me permission to see Perchand."

"After a brief conversation, Mr. Foley informed me that Governor Edwards had said he had no power to

hold a hearing for my witnesses, but I could go to Trenton and try to see Perchand. Perchand, however, would not see me."

"What was the use of going to Auburn to get witnesses, as the Governor said he asked, when our best witnesses right here would not be heard by him?"

Three Are Held in Death Of Woman in Auto Ride

Victim Said to Have Leaped From Car When Companions Began Fighting

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 15.—James Callahan, of 102 Fair Street; Mrs. Alice Frommelt, thirty-five years old, a resident of Cliff Street, and Christopher Rose, of 284 Clay Street, were arraigned to-day in Recorder's Court on charges of manslaughter in connection with the death of Mrs. Florence Stevenson, forty-two years old, a widow, at the Paterson General Hospital. Rose furnished \$1,000 bail and was released. Mrs. Frommelt and Callahan were sent to the county jail in default of bail. Callahan, Mrs. Frommelt, Rose and Mrs. Stevenson were out together on

the night of September 3. They stopped at a River Street saloon. While there Callahan, it is said, struck Mrs. Frommelt in the face. Riding later in an automobile he struck her again, according to the police. Mrs. Stevenson, who sat alone in the tonneau, became frightened and leaped from the machine.

She suffered a fractured skull and died at the hospital September 7.

Social Workers in London

Honor Miss Jane Addams

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Social workers from all parts of the country assembled to-night in Toynbee Hall, Whitechapel, to participate in a reception in honor of Miss Jane Addams, of Chicago. Chairman Hallon, in introducing Miss Addams, eulogized her work.



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McNally Dies in Chair For Restaurant Murder

Special Dispatch to The Tribune

OSKING, N. Y., Sept. 15.—Edward J. McNally, who was saved two weeks ago by a reprieve that reached the prison two hours before the time set for his death, was put to death to-night at Sing Sing for the murder of Walter Jaskowski during a hold-up in a restaurant in Mariners' Harbor, Staten Island.

His wife visited Governor Miller at his home in Syracuse to-day in a vain effort to obtain a commutation of his sentence. McNally's two accomplices in the crime have asserted that he took no active part in it and that it was they who shot the restaurant man. They pleaded guilty to second degree murder and got off with twenty years' imprisonment. McNally's counsel asserted he had no opportunity to make such a plea.

McNally entered the death chamber at 11:02, said goodbye to Dr. Amos O. Squire, the prison physician, and at 11:09 was pronounced dead.

Schooner With 32 on Board Believed Lost in Hurricane

BRIDGETOWN, Barbados, Sept. 15.—The schooner Majestic, with thirty-two passengers and crew from Demerara for Barbados, is believed to have been lost in the hurricane which swept over this section on September 8. The British warship Valerian returned here to-day from an unsuccessful search for the schooner, which was commanded by Captain Barnes.

Four boatmen were drowned here during the storm, but only slight damage was caused on the seafloor.



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